

THE CHRONICLE.

R. H. YANCEY, Editor.

Clarksville, Tenn., March 15, 1884.

TERMS: \$2.00 IN ADVANCE.

We favor a tariff for revenue limited to the necessities of the Government economically administered, and so adjusted in its application as to prevent unequal burdens, to encourage productive industries at home, afford a just compensation to labor, but not to create a tariff monopoly.—Ohio Democratic Platform, June 21st.—Virginia Democratic Platform, July 25th.—Substantially, Pennsylvania Democratic Platform, Aug. 1st.

We favor a tariff for revenue, limited to the necessities of the Government, and so adjusted in its application as to give protection and encouragement to home production, industry and labor, without producing or fostering monopolies.—New Jersey Democratic Platform, Sept. 13th.

THE TARIFF IN TENNESSEE.

We reproduce on the fourth page of this paper an editorial from the Murfreesboro News, commenting on the suggestion of the CHRONICLE that no action on the tariff question should be taken by the State Democratic convention, which is to choose delegates to the National convention at Chicago. The News takes issue with us and says that the Tennessee Democracy should declare in favor of the Ohio platform. We believe, like the News, that such is the prevalent position on the subject among the Democracy of the State. The tone of the press indicates as much and so do the utterances of those party leaders who have been heard from, but still there will be danger in agitating the subject.

Our Murfreesboro contemporary should know something of that band of self-proclaimed patriots that exist in this State; those fellows who have "it, bled and died for the dear pep," and who are in a continual fret to spill more gore in the same cause. Those disinterested politicians got all of their glory from the split in the party and they are going to keep up the split if possible. They are pining for an agitation of the tariff in the coming state convention and it would delight them beyond measure if it should end in a lively row.

There are, also, some honest Democrats in the State who incline strongly to free trade ideas, though we are glad to note the fact that their number grows continually smaller. Such Democrats will oppose an adoption of the Ohio platform and their objection to it will be made all the stronger if it is forced on them by a State convention.

For these reasons we deem it best that the State convention adopt no tariff resolution. Former State conventions, assembled for the purpose of nominating delegates, have not done so and it is not necessary that this one should. Good men who have heretofore acted with the Democracy should be chosen, without any inquiry into their tariff opinions. Such a course is the only one that will insure harmony, and harmony is much to be desired among the Tennessee Democracy. It will leave the tariff question open to be decided by the National convention and will make it easier for all parties in Tennessee to conform to whatever that convention may promulgate.

THE RAGAN BILL.

We are inclined to think that the Ragan bill to regulate commerce between the States if enacted into a law would be a good thing. We are not among the demagogues who seek to array the people against the railroads, but we recognize the fact that the immense railroad system of this country, with the important bearing that it has come to have on all the business interests of the country, should be subjected to Governmental supervision. The private interests of the big corporations that control the railroads, undoubtedly leads them to the commission of acts detrimental to other private interests, and that should not be allowed in a well regulated country. State railroad commissions are necessarily ineffective, because their jurisdiction is so limited. They frequently work an injustice to roads that have competing lines in another state out of the control of the commission, and interfere with the successful working of those that lie only partially in the State where the commission exists. The matter is one that naturally comes under the jurisdiction of the Federal Government. The constitution gives Congress the power to regulate commerce between the States and there is nothing more needed than a law that will keep railroad tariffs properly regulated and not allow them to be affected by the animosities of rival corporations.

BROTHER HELM, of the Morristown Gazette, has long enjoyed the reputation of being one of the most able editors in the State, and he deserved it, but we are rather inclined to think he has been making a fool of himself lately. The Gazette, though strictly a State credit paper, supported Bate in the last election and cried aloud for Democratic harmony. After the election Brother Helm applied to the Governor for a state office but didn't get it. Now he is proposing if the Democrats re-nominate Gov. Bate, to put out an independent candidate and go in league with the Republicans to defeat him. The personal animosity displayed in this proposition is too apparent to admit of disguise and serves only to bring the able editor into a ridiculous attitude. There is no objection to Governor Bate personally that could justify such a movement, and the only reason the Gazette urges for proposing it is that East Tennessee should have the candidate.

THERE is a tradition to the effect that fools can learn something at the school of experience when all other plans of instruction have failed to benefit them. There are exceptions to this rule, however. The Greenback party is going to put another Presidential ticket in the field.

BROOKS' CANAL.

Editor Brooks, of the West Tennessee Whig, is still harping on his proposed canal which is to connect the Tennessee and the Forked Deer rivers. The Memphis Avalanche came to his rescue in the movement and inspired him to rush once more to the breach with redoubled courage. He has also consulted some able engineers on the subject and they seem to consider the scheme entirely feasible. We have heretofore expressed our doubts as to the practicability of the project, but if it is ever carried out successfully, we will be among the first to applaud Brother Brooks, both for having originated the scheme and for the pluck with which he has stood by it. The benefits to be derived from building the canal, as cited by the Avalanche and the Whig, are that coal, marble and other East Tennessee products, can be brought to Jackson and Memphis much cheaper than heretofore. This suggests to us a plan by which Clarksville may be similarly benefited. If there is any water left in the Tennessee after Brother Brooks gets through with it, another canal should be dug turning it into the Cumberland. We are not trying to rob Brother Brooks of any of his laurels in originating canal schemes, but only standing the egg on its end after he has shown us how it can be done.

GREAT excitement prevails at Erin, Tenn., over the discovery of a gold mine there by A. B. Bernathy, who, while hunting, found a cave and evidences of gold. Over \$300,000 worth of nuggets are on exhibition, and miners are flocking to the spot. Erin is a small place on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, near the Tennessee river. We clip the news from the Charlotteville (Va.) Chronicle and have seen the same thing in a number of our exchanges. Erin is twenty-seven miles from Clarksville, on the same line of railroad as this city. There is constant communication between the two places, and if there was a word of truth in this sensational paragraph, which has been going the round for several weeks, we would know something about it here. As no news of the kind has come to Clarksville from a direct source, we don't hesitate to pronounce it a canard. Erin has a gold mine in the enterprise and industry of her citizens, but none of the actual nuggets have been found there.

We have seen some mention of Capt. Albert T. McNeal, of Bolivar, as one of the four delegates from the State at large to the National Democratic convention, and have been glad to note the fact that he is a man who has always eschewed politics, in the sense that a politician is an office seeker, but he takes a very lively and active interest in public affairs, and has rendered some very efficient service to the Democratic party. He was a delegate from the tenth district in this state to the last national convention and was chairman of the Bate Democratic executive committee for West Tennessee during the election of 1882. In proposing him as a delegate to Chicago we are not advised as to his tariff position and we don't care what it is. We know he is a man of exceptionally good sense and a thorough Democrat. That is sufficient to qualify him as a delegate and we don't believe a better choice could be made.

THE Covington (Tenn.) Call accuses the CHRONICLE of occupying a selfish, egotistical position, and because it is published in a region where tobacco is grown. Now this accusation is somewhat suggestive of Satan reproving sin. The general and self-sacrificing editor of the Call thinks that a crop raised by a small portion of the farmers in the Union, should bear a large portion of the tax burden in order to relieve the people of other sections where that crop is not grown. There is a guilelessness about that idea which is really refreshing, and is "child like in its bland." The able editor must be posing for a picture of innocence. The fact is, he needs expansion and ought to learn to look beyond what is purely local.

ONE of the Iowa excursionists who visited Clarksville has written a letter to Hon. Wm. M. Daniel since his return home. He says one of the greatest impediments to Northern immigration to Tennessee is a lack of good schools in the rural districts. These people are accustomed to good public schools at home and don't like to move to a country where they will be deprived of such benefits. The prospects are, however, that they are coming and coming in considerable force. We hope that one of the first lessons they will teach our people will be that a better public school system is necessary.

THE Spirit of the Farm, that excellent agricultural journal that is always alive to the interest of the farmer, suggests that a duty on eggs would be a good thing. Eggs are now on the free list and large quantities of them are imported to supply the American demand. It sold 15,000,000 dozen eggs to supply the city of New York last year, which also paid at least \$5,000,000 for them. It is an easy calculation to see what a profitable industry egg culture would be to the American farmer if the product of those pauper hens of Europe was cut off.

MR. W. H. CHERRY don't seem to have been affected by the charges of fraud and corruption so boldly and frequently brought against him of late, but when he reads the following from the Milan Exchange, he will lie down and die. The Exchange says: "The Nashville Banner is becoming over the hill. It takes several bites at a cherry." A pun like that would have a rhinoceros.

THERE is one prediction that can be safely made in regard to the next Governor of Tennessee, whoever that individual may be. If he don't continue Commissioner McWhorter in office, the howl that will come from all parts of the State will be a bigger "racket" than his excellency can stand.

THE LASKER MATTER.

The official copy of Bismarck's note accompanying the return of the Lasker resolutions has been presented to the House. His objection to a resolution is that they assert that Lasker "constant exposition of free and liberal ideas have materially advanced the social, political and economic condition of the people." Bismarck says from his observation and experience with German affairs this is not true. He evidently thinks that the despotic government of which he is the exponent with its big standing army, is the best thing for the German people and they should not be allowed to have any "free and liberal ideas." Her Von Esenbeck, presented Bismarck's note to Secretary Frelinghuysen and the Secretary handed it over to the following Minister Statesman who represents the United States at Berlin:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON, March 10, 1884.—SIR: I enclose a copy of a note which a copy has been handed to me by the German Minister, and which states that Prince Bismarck declines to be the medium of communication between the United States and the Reichstag, of the resolution on the subject of the death of Mr. Lasker. Under which he states that the House with the most courteous motives for the single purpose of expressing sympathy with the corresponding members who died within the National jurisdiction of Congress. If any other purpose has been surmised, the indisposition of this Republic, as proven in the history of a century, to obtrude upon other nations the sound political principles upon which our own counteracted that surmise.

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Resolved, That this House cannot but express surprise and regret that it should be, even temporarily, within the power of a single powerful subject to interfere with such a simple, natural and spontaneous expression of kindly feeling between two great nations, and thus to detract from the position and prestige of the Crown on the one hand, and from the rights of the people of the other on the other.

Resolved, That this House do hereby, reiterate the expression of sincere regret at the death of Frederick Lasker, and its sympathy with the Parliament of the German Empire of which for many years he was a distinguished member.

A number of State papers joined us in putting questions to the Banner concerning its charges of corruption in the passage of the penitentiary lease bill, and the following is our answer, intended for a reply to the same:

Some of our inquisitive friends of the press urge us to give names of all parties concerned and make public all that we know. No doubt, that would be the right way to do it, but it would also be the sure way to defeat justice of her dues. As public journalists we have performed a duty by pointing the finger to a huge monopoly and unscrupulous ring, which own and control political legislation, employ lawyers to influence legislators, and enter into illegal combinations to secure pecuniary privileges. It is neither good policy nor sound discretion to begin, at this time, to expose the tools and instruments of the principal actors in the ring. We have already personally named the latter, and when one of the former shall endeavor to push himself into undue prominence, his head will be taken off clean from the shoulders and exhibited to the popular gaze. If properly digested, and properly chewed for a month or so. As to the future, developments will unfold themselves as they come. We simply ask that they wait for the wagon, and we will all take a ride.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

The Upper House of Congress talked less than usual during the week but acted more. Quite a number of bills were passed, most of which, however, were rather unimportant in character. The House of Representatives talked diffusely and reached but few conclusions. It passed but two notable bills; one to pension the Mexican veterans, and another providing evidence for the completion of the four steel cruisers ordered by Congress in '82. The latter measure occasioned the longest debate of the week. Hon. S. C. Cox criticised the construction of these vessels, and said the Democrats were opposed to the ideas of prodigality prevailing on the other side of the House. They did not want to keep up a Naval establishment, only one half of which was at sea—though sometimes the whole thing seemed to be a matter of opinion. The Navy as an amphibious arrangement, one half of the officers on land, some at sea, and others between the two, waiting orders. He did not like to be asked to keep up the pay roll of such a Navy, and build vessels for it, which could not protect our ports and harbors. Mr. Caldwell said that Navy-yards were not used now to equip men-of-war to defend the national honor, but to employ them to maintain the Republic in power. Another member wanted such guns made for the new cruisers as those used recently by the British vessels when they succeeded in demolishing the Egyptian city of Alexandria at a distance of eight miles. Mr. Dorsheimer also favored the use of the most efficient guns, and hoped no more "mute, inglorious" frigates would be produced to go to sea.

A well worn subject has been revived in Mr. Springer's committee, and some ghostly secrets are being revealed. The star route investigation, through all its various stages has been prolific of surprises but the stock is not yet exhausted. Ex-Attorney General McVeigh, Ex-Postmaster General James, and Ex-Senator Spencer have each been asked to testify as to what they knew about the star routes, and it has come to light that the late President Garfield, while a member of the House of Representatives, knew all about the star route frauds and used the money of the arch star route conspirator Dorsey, for campaign purposes knowing well where it came. Spencer's testimony overturns all theories that had been previously formed touching his relations with the defendant, and puts him in a position directly opposed to the one to which common rumor had assigned him. He says he helped Postmaster James to get into Garfield's cabinet, and gave him advice and information about star routes. How else could he have done so? A man who had it in his power to bring the malefactors to confusion should have remained silent so long is a mystery. Messrs Brewster and Bliss told the public they wanted to convict Dorsey and Dorsey, but having to choose in what case against them a trial should be had, they selected a case in which conviction was uncertain and improbable, when there were other cases in which conviction was inevitable.

The Morrison tariff bill was reported to the House on Monday, and it is probable it will be called up for consideration very soon, as it will stand at the head of all revenue bills on the House calendar and will take precedence in committee of the whole over all other measures except appropriation bills. At least one hundred members have prepared speeches for the coming debate, which will present the question from every possible standpoint. The visitors in the galleries will hear tariff to their utter bewilderment. The tariff of Louisiana is best on every side. The Senate threatens sugar by the Mexican treaty, and the House threatens it by the tariff bill. Through one or the other it looks as if the country would get what Senator Vance calls "Free Sweeten."

The Democratic Congressional campaign committee met at the Arlington hotel this week, and organized for active operations, electing Messrs. McKim, chairman of both the executive, and Congressional committees.

The majority of the gay world of fashion are disposed to abide by the restrictions of the Lenten season, thereby gaining the rest requisite to enable them to indulge in festivities again after Easter. Even at houses where ladies had declared their intention to continue regular receptions, few visitors disturb the solitary grandeur of the hostess.

Public Schools. To the Chronicle: The condition of our public schools, (which I believe is better at present than a few months since; but which is bad enough now,) the education of a majority of the children of our country, and the also the education of the teachers of our country, commands the attention of our Country, our Directors, our Superintendents and our tax-paying populace. It is true that the subject of taxation to support the public schools can be carried too far, but in the present instance I think there need be no fear as to that being the case. I feel assured that our Court will do that which is right, and will give us justice, and they will give the teachers a sufficient force. Take into consideration the number of children in various parts of the county that are arriving at the years of maturity, and can scarcely read and write; which have been reared in idleness and ignorance for want of money to pay good teachers to teach good schools; take into consideration the majority of our tax-payers that are scarcely able to read and write, and the de-baillards. Take these things into consideration, honorable court, and think you if we should not have a better school tax. The public schools of Montgomery county are as part of her government; a part to which she might point with pride if she would give them the means of sustenance by which they might become institutions of endless worth to her entire population.

an honor to him as a county and a recommendation to her officers. The public schools are not monopolies which are conducive to one man's, or set of men's interest, but are highly beneficial to the people, the county, the State and the Nation. Hence, they need the consideration and assistance of our law-makers and of an intelligent public. Study the interest of public well-being and see what we have. Let our children have a good education. Let us if we wish to draw emigration here, can we do so by suffering what children we have to grow up in ignorance? Would a man of common sense suppose for an instant that emigrants from the North, the East, or foreign countries, or anywhere else where their children receive an education at the expense of the public, would be desirous of a location among us. Well, capitalists be 'eager' to invest among us when they find that a majority of the population wish to have education, and we wish to draw emigration here, can we do so by suffering what children we have to grow up in ignorance? Would a man of common sense suppose for an instant that emigrants from the North, the East, or foreign countries, or anywhere else where their children receive an education at the expense of the public, would be desirous of a location among us.

Gallatin Tennessee: The present outlook for farming is gloomy. Nearly all the farmers are behind with their work, especially so with those who failed to break their ground in the fall. The weather has been so unfavorable since the first of January, that it has been impossible for them to prepare the land for planting their crops. A great deal of land is yet unbroken, and the continued rains will make everything late.

Murfreesboro News: Messrs. C. L. Roberts & Co., sent General Hirsch to the cotton regions of the South with a car load of the best medium sized mules we have seen lately. The General is the man to sell a good car of mules. The car carries about two other car loads of very fine mules, and a car of horses to the Southern markets. Among the horses were several nice steppers.

Fayetteville Observer: The raising of mules has increased steadily in this county, until now it is of no mean proportions, but to the contrary, is one of the leading enterprises of this country. The fame of Lincoln county mules is not confined to this "pent up Utopia," but has extended to the "land of Hepzibah," where the lion roareth and the whangdoodle mouneth for its first born.

Bolivar Special: Bolivar has inaugurated a manufacturing boom by raising \$5000 capital stock to establish a brick barrel stove factory. The money is all subscribed, and the work is well advanced. The factory is only waiting for an arrangement for satisfactory rates with our railroad, which, we have no doubt we will get, as the Illinois Central proclaims it to the world that it will encourage all manufacturers on its lines.

Nashville American: The title of Hon. B. A. Enloe's address, which has commenced to attract such attention in the State, did not, it seems, originate with him. It was originally "An address on diversified farming," but the Sheriff of a certain county in West Tennessee, when calling up a crowd for Mr. Enloe, announced, O, yes! O, yes! Mr. B. A. Enloe will now deliver an "address on diversified farming," etc. The transposition was at once adopted by Mr. Enloe.

Brownsville Democrat: The Union revival meetings going on at the Methodist church are said to be the most glorious that ever occurred in the history of Brownsville, even surpassing in their results the great Teasdel revival of the last decade. The number of converts to date is about seventy-five, including a large majority of the young men of the city and surrounding country. In fact, only about half a dozen are left in the ranks of the devil, and they are beginning to feel rather lonesome.

Memphis Special: About four weeks ago Lewis Scott, hailing from Athens, Kas., married Mrs. Minnie Gregory, of this city. The newly married pair lived in a perfect heaven of bliss for about ten days, when Scott was, as he says, called away on urgent business. Nothing was heard of him until the County Court received a letter from the Chief of Police at Athens, who informed him that Scott was wanted there for bigamy, having been recently indicted for that offense, as he has two wives residing in Kansas and two in Missouri.

The Memphis lady was his fourth victim, with other States yet to hear from.

Dickson Press: Solomon Snaflore, a snake hunter from Slowdown Switch, out on the "Narrow Gauge," invaded the privacy of our sanctum, yesterday, and gave us the why's and wherefores of the wretched weather we have experienced of late. He fearlessly stated, and defied successful contradiction, that the 2nd of February was so clear that the ground-hog cast a double shadow, and consequently the winter was a double winter. He had weather, for the six weeks that this weather boss leads a secluded life. Well, if Mr. S. is correct, thank fortune that a week or ten days more will end the groundhog business, and then we will have—but let's wait and see.

Tribune and Sun: Excursions from various parts of the North will be made to the battle field of Shiloh, arriving on the field April 6th, the 22d anniversary of that great conflict of arms. Parties from Nashville and other points in Tennessee, both ex-Federal and ex-Confederate, will join the excursionists from the North. The people of Savannah and Hardin county are making preparations to properly receive the visitors, and there will be good attendance from Jackson and vicinity, and if parties in McNairy county will arrange to call, people from Bethel, it might be well, and secure a good crowd from this direction.

Dickson Press: Mr. Wm. Nelson, of Green Co., Wis., who came to this State with the Jackson ex-cursionists, who has been prospecting around Dickson for several days past, started for home yesterday. He is highly pleased with the country, and has been, and particularly so with Dickson county. He intends to return here in the near future with his family and make his home in our midst. Mr. Nelson was a former resident of Mercer Co., Pa., but left there 30 years ago as settled in the wilderness of Wisconsin. Upon arriving here he was greatly surprised to find that quite a number of our citizens reside in Mercer county, and many of them old acquaintances and friends.

A cyclone passed through Whitesboro, Tenn., on the Nashville & Chattanooga Railroad, May eight, and did a great deal of damage. The house of Laurence Morgan was blown down, and a little boy was killed. His family narrowly escaped being crushed to death. A Miss Hamsey was badly injured by falling timbers.

Pulaski Citizen: The following extraordinary facts are vouched for by Mr. Joseph Ables, who lives near Elkton, Giles county, has a cow ten years old that has had the following calves: Feb. 16, 1876, 1 calf; August, 1878, 3 calves; Sept. 7, 1879, 1 calf; March 3, 1881, 3 calves; Aug. 10, 1882, 2 calves; Feb. 29, 1884, 2 calves. Total, 12 calves in 8 years.

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CURRENT OPINIONS ON GENERAL TOPICS.

ONE EXCEPTION. Brownsville (Ky.) Herald-Enterprise. Bismarck's contempt for the American hog does not embrace the ground-hog. Most respect him whether he wants it or not.

GLAD YOU THINK SO. Henderson, (Ky.) Journal. The Clarksville Chronicle reproduced the Journal's sketch of the battle of Port Donelson. It is a pleasure to say the Chronicle is one of the very best papers published in our sister State, Tennessee.

HOW FIRM A FOUNDATION. We stand squarely on the Ohio platform on the question of the tariff. That platform is an embodiment of the ideas of Washington, Jefferson and Polk on this question and on it we are willing to stand or fall.

WAS IT FRANKIE OR TAYLOR? Union City Country. A certain congressman from West Tennessee, said to a friend a few days since: "A congressman is a big thing down here, but it is a very small potato up here, especially if he happens to be a new member." There are two new members from West Tennessee.

FACTORIES VS. WHISKIEY. Neals Gazette. Those towns and cities in the South where factories have been built, are prospering, as though the farmers are behind with their work, especially so with those who failed to break their ground in the fall. The weather has been so unfavorable since the first of January, that it has been impossible for them to prepare the land for planting their crops. A great deal of land is yet unbroken, and the continued rains will make everything late.

NO TIME FOR FOOLISHNESS. Bristol Courier. The Democracy of Tennessee will have no child's play in the next spring election. They are organizing; they will be in the field early, ready for the fray. The Democracy should select a strong man the strongest on the hustings to be fought in the State. For one we are for success: we will talk about sections and offices afterwards.

STRANGE BUT TRUE. Menard Democrat. Uncivilized and barbarous as it may appear there are people in Tennessee who prefer a miserable, wretched, and wretched life to a flock of sheep. And what is worse, there are politicians who prefer to encourage the man of the yellow dye rather than the farmer who desires to increase the wealth and products of the State by raising mutton and wool.

King David (David A. Nunn), leader of the coon element in this portion of the State in politics, is a member of the State Democratic party. He is at present Secretary of State, and is, we presume, (having been elected to that position by a Democratic legislature), the strongest man the Republicans could put in the field.

MORE POOL THAN KNAVE. Post. The Nashville Banner disclaims all intention to charge members of the Legislature of 1882-3 with bribery and corruption, but is laboring under a great deal of trouble, and a whole body of a "conglomerated amalgamation of natural born dupes," which is a little more than most republicans are willing to believe. The Legislature is a deliberative body, and is assembled at the capital of the State.

WE TOLD YOU SO. Gallatin Examiner. We have protested against the lunacy that has taken hold of many free trade democrats who are pushing the party to declare in convention against protection to home industry and protection to the farmer, and cautioned them that they are running into another defeat. And now comes the New York Herald, and the New York Tribune, and the old Virginia democracy are for moderate protection.

HE HAS TRIED IT. Sequachee Advance. Dip the Atlantic ocean dry with a teaspoon, twist your heel into the neck of your boot, and tell the hooks with a balloon and fish for stars, get astride a gossamer and chase the comet, choke a mosquito with an arrow, and prove all things heretofore considered impossible but never, never attempt to please everybody when you edit a paper.

MONUMENTS LESS ENDURABLE THAN BRASS. Brownsville Democrat. The strongest point made by the President in his late address is that he has done nothing to offend anybody; and it is true that a large quantity of empty champagne bottles are the sole trophies of Mr. Arthur's official career. He doesn't even fill vacancies in office when they occur, lest the unsuccessful applicants should be angry, and he holds them open to promise and trade on for delegates.

GIVE HIM A CHROMO. Nashville Banner. There was a disgraceful, drunken riotous revel in the Congress of the United States one night week before last. It is said that every member of the House of Representatives drunk except "Our Dick," who has joined a prohibition club and who was trying to make a temperance speech during the riotous revel. "Our Dick" ought to be presented with a large medalion representing a busted beer keg with the words "Prohibition" on it.

THE EDITOR ON TOP. Pulaski Citizen. Laps. D. McCord would make a good governor, but we think the Banner is running him without cause. He is a good fellow, and we think he deserves it. He can do better nearer home. He publishes one of the best papers in the State, and there is good timber in him for a congressman.—Tribune and Sun.

These three—governor, congressman, editor, and the greatest of all is the editor. Terms \$2 a year.

THE WAY IT WILL READ. Hamboldt Reporter. The Nashville World says the Railroad Convention will make a report of their work. That will be a brilliant record. It will run somewhat this way: To services rendered by the Convention to the State into a law suit, (in which we had our "pegs" knocked from under us \$5,000). Total, \$20,000, to be paid by the State. The people of Savannah and Hardin county are making preparations to properly receive the visitors, and there will be good attendance from Jackson and vicinity, and if parties in McNairy county will arrange to call, people from Bethel, it might be well, and secure a good crowd from this direction.

Dickson Press: Mr. Wm. Nelson, of Green Co., Wis., who came to this State with the Jackson ex-cursionists, who has been prospecting around Dickson for several days past, started for home yesterday. He is highly pleased with the country, and has been, and particularly so with Dickson county. He intends to return here in the near future with his family and make his home in our midst. Mr. Nelson was a former resident of Mercer Co., Pa., but left there 30 years ago as settled in the wilderness of Wisconsin. Upon arriving here he was greatly surprised to find that quite a number of our citizens reside in Mercer county, and many of them old acquaintances and friends.

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